

State of Minnesota
Douglas County

District Court
Seventh Judicial District

Court File Number: **21-CO-14-144**

Case Type: Conciliation

Notice of Filing of Order

JOHN MEYER
8863 GOLDEN SPIKE RD NE
FOLEY MN 56329

John Meyer vs Masters Plumbing, Jeremy Steven Tilleskjer

You are notified that an order was filed on this date.

Dated: October 30, 2014

Court Administrator
Douglas County District Court
305 8th Avenue W
Alexandria MN 56308
320-762-3033

A true and correct copy of this notice has been served pursuant to Minnesota Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 77.04.

Enclosure(s)

cc: John Meyer
Masters Plumbing
Jeremy Steven Tilleskjer

State of Minnesota
Douglas County

Conciliation Court
Seventh Judicial District

Court File Number: 21-CO-14-144

Case Type: Conciliation

John Meyer vs Masters Plumbing, Jeremy
Steven Tilleskjaer

Order for Judgment on Claim and Counterclaim

Appearances: Plaintiff Defendant Neither Party Contested Default

Upon evidence received, IT IS ORDERED:

Plaintiff is entitled to judgment against Defendants for the sum of \$ 3,000.00, plus fees of \$ 75.00, disbursements of \$ 85.00, and conditional costs of \$ _____, for a total of \$ 3,160.00.

- Judgment shall be entered in favor of _____ (without damages).
- _____'s claim is dismissed without prejudice.
- _____'s claim is dismissed without prejudice.
- _____'s claim is dismissed with prejudice.
- _____ shall immediately return _____ to the _____ and that the _____

FILED
DISTRICT COURT
OCT 30 2014
DOUGLAS COUNTY
COURT ADMINISTRATOR

county in which the property is located is authorized and directed to effect repossession of such property according to Minn. Stat. § 491A.01, subd. 5, and turn the property over to _____

Other / Memo: Defendant owed Plaintiff \$562.50 for 22.5 hours worked as of July 9, 2014 when Defendant left to work for another employer. The Plaintiff worked 40 hours per week at \$25/hour so his "average" daily earnings were \$200 per day. (M.S. 181.14, S. 2.) Plaintiff demanded payment in writing. Defendant paid Plaintiff \$687.50 on 09/26/14 which was \$125 more than due. However, M.S. 181.14, S. 2 provides for penalties if wages due are not

Dated: 10-29-14 Judge: [Signature]

JUDGMENT is declared and entered as stated in the Court's Order for Judgment set forth above, and the Judgment shall become finally effective on the date specified in the notice of judgment set forth below.

Dated: 10.30.14 Court Administrator/Deputy: [Signature]

NOTICE: THE PARTIES ARE NOTIFIED that Judgment has been entered as indicated above, but the Judgment is stayed by law until 11.27.14. (Time) 4:30 p.m. (to allow time for an appeal/removal if desired).

THE PARTIES ARE FURTHER NOTIFIED that if the case is removed to District Court and the removing party does not prevail as provided in Rule 524 of the Minnesota General Rules of Practice for the District Courts, the opposing party will be awarded \$50 as costs.

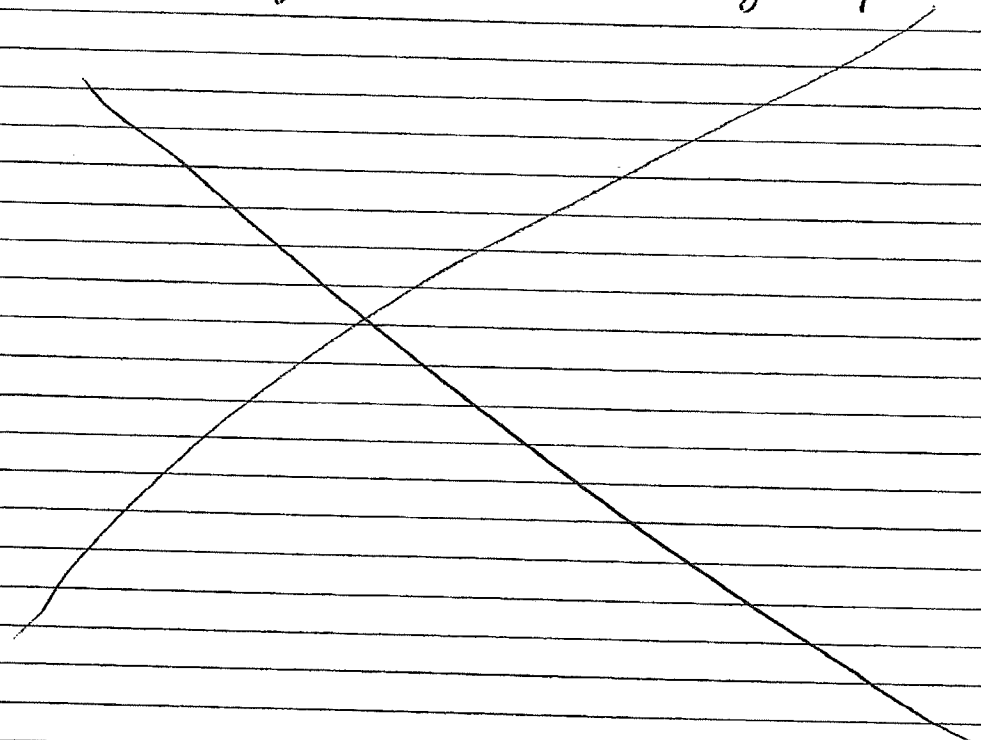
Dated: 10-30-14 Court Administrator/Deputy: [Signature]

Transcript of Judgment: I certify that the above is a correct transcript of the Judgment entered by this Court.

Dated: _____ Court Administrator/Deputy: _____

MEMORANDUM

promptly paid. Consequently, per statute Plaintiff is entitled to 15 days of his "average daily earnings" (\$200 x 15 = \$3,000) plus service of process fees of \$85 and the \$75 filing fee. The statute does not provide for compensation for time to come to court. No evidence is filed with the court regarding mailing costs.



Dated: 10-29-14 Judge: Masters

Order Vacating Judgment For Cause

Minn. Gen. R. Prac. 520

Upon cause shown by the [] Plaintiff [] Defendant, the written judgment is vacated and costs in the amount of \$ _____ is assessed against the [] Plaintiff [] Defendant as [] Absolute / [] Conditional costs.

Dated: _____ Judge: _____

Order Vacating Judgment Upon Removal/Appeal

Minn. Gen. R. Prac. 521(e)

Removal/Appeal by the [] Plaintiff [] Defendant having been perfected, the within judgment is vacated.

Dated: _____ Judge: _____

How Do You Pay a Judgment?

- Payment should be made directly to the party that wins the case (prevailing party/creditor). If you are unable to pay the creditor directly, contact the court administrator (or conciliation court) for further information.
- If the prevailing party is paid directly, obtain a statement of payment from the party (satisfaction of judgment) and file this with the Court. Special forms for this procedure are available at the Conciliation Court office.
- If the Court is not properly notified of payment, you will have an unsatisfied judgment on your record and your credit rating may be affected.

How Do You Collect a Judgment?

Although a case is decided in your favor, a Conciliation Court judgment does not create a lien against the debtor's property unless the procedure outlined below is followed. You can try to collect the judgment yourself if it has not been paid within the required 20-day period, and if the other party has not filed an appeal. Once a judgment is entered, the judgment is enforceable for 10 years from the date of entry. If the party is declared bankrupt following the judgment, you may receive part of your payment if assets are divided among the party's creditors, or the debt may be discharged and you cannot collect.

The following information may help you in collecting the amount of the judgment.

- In order to collect on your judgment you must obtain a transcript (record) of your judgment from the Conciliation Court and file it in District Court together with an Affidavit of Identification. The judgment will then be "docketed." There is a fee for obtaining that transcript.
- Upon docketing, you may obtain a Writ of Execution from the Court Administrator. A Writ of Execution is a legal paper authorizing the sheriff to levy (collect) on a debtor's assets. The most common assets that can be levied upon are bank accounts and wages. You must be able to provide detailed information regarding the assets before the sheriff can make a levy. There is a fee for an Execution. Fees expended for the Execution process may be recovered from the debtor.
- If you do not know what assets the judgment debtor has, you may request the Court to order the debtor to tell you what those assets are. You can make the request only if:
 1. The judgment has been transcribed to district court.
 2. You have not received payment of the judgment.
 3. You and the debtor have not agreed to some other method of settlement.

If those provisions can be met, the Request for Order for Disclosure form can be obtained from the Court Administrator. A fee is required. If the request is granted, the debtor will be ordered to complete and mail to you a listing of his/her assets within 10 days. Once you have that information, you can give the Execution to the sheriff, advise the sheriff of the debtor's assets and ask him/her to collect your judgment.

How Do You Appeal a Judgment?

Any party who was not present at the trial, and who has good reason for not having been present, may apply to the Court, not later than the date indicated on the "Notice of Judgment" (on the front of this form) for permission of the Court to re-open the case for another trial. If the Court grants another trial, the Judge may require payment of costs to the other party, absolute or conditional.

Any party who believes this judgment to be incorrect may appeal to the District Court for a completely new trial by a different judge or by a jury if desired. The statutory requirements for such an appeal must be complied with not later than the date indicated on the "Notice of Judgment" (on the front of this form). These requirements are time-consuming and it is suggested that inquiries regarding the requirements be made well in advance of the date indicated. Please note that in District Court corporations must be represented by attorneys. The attorney must sign the appeal documents and appear at District Court hearings and trial.

Notice of Entry and Docketing of Judgment

BRENDAN DANIEL CUMMINS
Cummins & Cummins
1245 International Centre
920 2nd Ave S
Minneapolis MN 55402

RECEIVED

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CUMMINS & CUMMINS

John Meyer vs Masters Plumbing, Jeremy Steven Tilleskjour

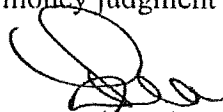
You are hereby notified that a judgment has been entered and docketed in the above entitled matter.

Judgment Information	
Entered Date	October 30, 2014
Docketed Date	December 10, 2014
Docketed Time	12:13 PM
Debtor(s)	Masters Plumbing; Jeremy Steven Tilleskjour.
Creditor(s)	John Meyer
Monetary Award:	
Monetary Amount:	\$3,160.00

A true and correct copy of this notice has been served pursuant to Minnesota Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 77.04. Please be advised that notices sent to attorneys are sent to the lead attorney only.

Note: Costs and interest will accrue on any money judgment amounts from the date of entry until the judgment is satisfied in full.

Dated: December 10, 2014



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